рг. чииитии
The great collectors and their stamps


1862 local issue


1862 1c vertical strip from the right-hand column of the sheet of 24 , showing all three types of border.


18992 c on 15 c provisional, surcharge inverted

ex Webster

The unique block with southwest stamp
(Row 2/5) having missing stop.

## Br Guiana

The 1853 ship issue

paper 1c Plate proofs 'Wiek paper


$$
4 c \text { Plate proof }
$$



Reprint


Plate proof


Reprint


One of the issued stamps


Br. Gulana
Waterlow in the British Caribbean

The 1860 ship issue


Only recorded exa


Plate proofs



Waterlow in the British Caribbean

## Br Guiana

The 1860 ship issue

Plate proofs in issued colours


The 1863 large ships


6din colour on sunk card. Ments


## The Burris Collection

The item mounted on this page was purchased from the world=famous stamp collection formed by the late Maurice Eurus of Ste Croix-aux=Mines, France.


Lot No. 104 in the Auction Sale held on 26 NOV 1963 Robson Lowe Ltd., 50 Pall Mall, London, S.W.1.



Paparmaters
Waremaile.
a Rue won the contract for British Guiana stamps in place of Wa
d die proofs of the vignette showing registration marki


Before Hardening Oct 271875.
ex $F$


After Hardening Nov 19 1875, die approved by initials.
ex Ray

Uncleared die proofs of the vignette


Early state 11 Nov 1875.


Later state 16 Nov 1875, some details touched up.

Die proofs of the frame


Master die proof in pale violet.

## British Guiana <br> The 1876 De La Rue issues

On joining the UPU in 1877 Br Guiana had to circulate examples of its stamps to UPU members. It did this on 1 October 1879, and decided for security reasons to provide examples overprinted or perforated "specimen" in line with Great Britain's practice at the time, although other countries provided normal unused examples. In total 80 examples of each value were circulated.

## SPECIMEN <br> Samuel type BG2



CC watermark


The overprints were applied diagonally in order to provide space for the full overprint.
The 187648 cents is unrecorded with this hand-stamp and the 48 cents stamps in the UPU collections are all the 1866 issue in perf 10. Bendon suggests that unused stocks of the earlier stamp were still being sold in the Post Office in 1879 and the 1876 stamp had not yet been issued.


Overprint diagonal inverted


Hand-stamped "cancelled" with Samuel type D6 overprint.


The 1876 de La Rue definitives


18774 c perf $12^{1 / 2}$


## British Guiana

The 1876 de La Rue definitives


Watermark inverted.


Bogus POSTAGE overprint.


British Guiana
The 1876 de La Rue definitives


1877 4c perf $12^{1 / 2}$



1877-9 perforation changes
18774 c perf $12^{1 / 2}$


# British Guiana <br> The 1878 Provisionals 

## Provisionals paying the 1c rate

17 Apr 1878


30 Aug 1878


6 Nov 1878


Two vertical bars


23 Nov 1878

"Official" obliterated.

## Provisionals paying the $2 c$ rate



The use of official stamps was discontinued in June 1878.

## Provisionals paying the 1c rate



In early 1878, following a shortage of 1c and 2c stamps, a range of provisionals were issued.

23 Nov 1878

The rare 1c with one horizontal bar

"Official"
obliterated. Used at Leguan. "Official" obliterated.

o mint copies are known. From column 6.

Provisionals paying the $2 c$ rate

"Official" obliterated.

23 Nov 1878

"Official" obliterated.

23 Nov 1878


Waterlow in the British Caribbean

## Br. Guiana

Waterlow printings cancelled "Specimen"


1866 Perf 10, circulated by the UPU in 1879


1863 Perf 12 1/2
A unique variety, handstamped "5"

## British Guiana <br> The 1881 Provisionals




# British Guiana <br> The 1881 Provisionals 

The 21 Dec 1881 Issues


Thick bar.
Thin bar.
From column 6.
11,000 overprinted " 1 ".


Thin bar.


Thick bar. Digit set to right.

10,132 overprinted " 2 ".


On the $2 c$, the final stamp in each row has a different font.


Imperf between stamp and margin

## Two horizontal bars




Thick bar.

Thin bar.

Extra bar in red


Extra bar in red


Pos.51-2, 57-8, positioned by the sloping 2 on pos. 52 .
euvuy uougn oy speculators, so ov, UUU of the I cent and 40,000 of the cents were printed. Two basic settings of each value are known, one in four rows of three stamps and th other in six rows of two stamps. On each pane of 12, five units show a three-masted ship and the othe seven units a two-masted ship. In addtion each ship is surrounded by a frame of crosses which hav different spacing and these spaces can be used to identify the position of each stamp in the pane of 1 : Another major variety is a large 2 in 2 cents on the $2 c$ value. For the 1 cent value, three differer printings can be distinguished and for the 2 cents four printings. Some plate positions can be separatel. identified as unique to an individual printing but there are others that cannot be plated in the absence $c$ additional plating information provided by adjoining units.

## 1 cent, the first setting, four rows of three Reconstructed pane of 12



[^0]
## British Guiana

The 1882 Baldwin Issue

1 cent, the first setting, four rows of three

Reconstructed pane of 12


Used block of six (\#7 to 12), pair and singles.
12 Jan 1882


Used locally in Georgetown, from second row in the setting (Pos. 3-6).
9 January was the date on which these stamps were issued.

## British Guiana

The 1882 Baldwin Issue
1 cent, the second setting, six rows of two
The fifth printing


Mint sheet of 12.


Used sheet of 12 .

The fifth printing from the second setting shows the three masted ship on units 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 10 . This printing can be separated from the seventh printing because unit 7 has a serif at the base of the 1 .

## 1 cent, varieties of the second setting

Fifth printing


## The 1882 Baldwin Issue

1 cent, the second setting, six rows of two

## Specimen sloping to South-east



From the right-hand column (unit 2).


Units 1 and 3 from the fifth or seventh printing.

Specimen sloping to North-wes


From the left-hand column (fifth printing unit 7).


Units 7-10 from the fifth printing with serif at foot of 1 on unit 7 .

I Feb 1882


Used from Philadelphia to Georgetown at the single 2c rate.
Units 11 and 12 from the fifth printing (identified by the pattern of crosses on unit 12).

## British Guiana

The 1882 Baldwin Issue

## 2 cents, the second setting, six rows of two

Obverse (photocopy)


Reverse
ex Townsend

Pale spot on hull


Unit 11, sixth printing (small 2).
Specimen perforations omitted


Unit 3, sixth printing.


Units 5-8 sixth printing.


Local cover from Georgetown to Enmore (rare type 2 Enmore arrival on face).

## British Guiana

The 1882 Baldwin Issue

## 2 cents, the first setting, four rows of three

The size of the specimen perforation (previously used to cancel the 186748 cents ship adhesive) meant it had to be applied sideways to accommodate all the letters. On the first setting it slopes to the north east and on the second to the southeast. In the first setting, the stamps in the second and fourth rows are inverted whereas in the second setting all the stamps in the left hand column have the specimen inverted, while in the right hand column it is upright. Each of these characteristics helps to identify the different settings, but there are many isolated stamps that cannot be allocated to one printing with any certainty.

Whereas the first setting of the 1 cent only had one printing, and only one major value tablet variety (the serifed 1 on unit 7), four of the twelve 2 cents stamps show a smaller 2 making it is much easier to plate.


The two units that identify the different printings are 6 and 9.

## British Guiana

## The 1882 Baldwin Issue

2 cents, the first printing, four rows of three


Two rejoined blocks of six.
As with the 1 cent denomination, there are six two-masted and six three-masted ships in each printing. On each of the first settings the three masts are on units 1-4 and 9-10.

The third printing, four rows of three


First or third printing unit 12 .


Units 7-12 (units 9 and 10 with three masts).
The small 2 on unit 9 identifies this as the third printing.


Third printing unit 6 . Large 2 so third printing.

## British Guiana

The 1882 Baldwin Issue
2 cents, the second setting, six rows of two
The fourth printing

## Specimen perforations omitted



Unit 10 (fourth or sixth printing).


Unit 5 (fourth or sixth printing).


The fourth printing has four units that differentiate it from the sixth. Units 6 and 12 have different cross placements. On unit 3 the 2 is small and on 11 it is large, while the sixth printing is the reverse.

The sixth printing


The sixth printing can be separated for the fourth by the small 2 not large on unit 11 and a large not small 2 on unit 3 . On both printings unit 11 shows a pale patch at the centre of the hull. This defect is not evident on any unit from the first setting.


Samuel states that all CC values to 24 cents were circulated with specimen perforations to the UPU. However Bendon, after consulting many UPU collections, lists the 12 and 24 cents only.


This 186648 cents perforated "specimen" is present in several UPU collections.


CC watermark examples


The five low values have CA watermark so this must have been a presentation set.
The 96 cents has not been recorded with this specimen perforation.

# British Guiana The 1876 De La Rue issues 

## 1882: change to CA watermark

Imperf plate proofs


Gummed and watermarked single CA.
The paper with single CA watermark replaced that with CC watermark on 29 June 1881.

## SPECIMEN.

## Samuel type BG4

## Presentation specimens <br> Not a UPU distribution

Not recorded by Samuel on CA watermark.

ex Latt
This set must have been made after 1882 as the four low values have the CA watermark.
The 96 cents has not been recorded with this hand-stamp.

De La Rue file specimens


No specimens for the CA watermark set were circulated to UPU members as they had received the CC set. These two from the De La Rue archives are the only ones known with this handstamp.

## British Guiana <br> The 1876 De La Rue issues

The 1882 printings with watermark changed to $\mathbf{C A}$

## The issued stamps



In 1882 stocks of the low values ran out and new printings were ordered. They can be identified by the CA watermark introduced in 1881.

Watermark varieties used


## British Guiana

## The 1890 provisionals

On 15 July 1890 a series of 1 cent stamps were created by overprinting four 1888 high values. Townsend and Howe suggest this was done to use up reserve stocks before their gum dried up.

Distributed by the UPU


As the overprints were performed by the local PO in Georgetown and not by De La Rue in London, the stamps circulated for UPU purposes had no specimen overprint. However, these three can be distinguished as specimens because of the Angolan receiving authority hand-stamp.

The issued stamps with double overprints


On $\$ 2$.


On $\$ 3$.


On $\$ 3$.


Large "4" from column 2.



On $\$ 4$.

On the second column of the $\$ 4$ value the " 4 " is larger than on the other five columns.

Waterlow in the British Caribbean

## Br Guiana

## 1931 centenary of Union



Only recorded example
Die proof of the Ic in black


Waterlow die proof in the issued colour.


The issued stamps.

Waterlow in the British Caribbean
Br. Guiana
Centenary of Union 1931


Die proof in blue of the $2 c$.


The issued 2c was in brown.

British Guiana

Centenary of Union 1931


Two Die proofs of the head of George V mounted on card. The right head, struck on 9.4.31, is the portrait used for the 1931 Centenary set, and subsequently for eight values of the 1934 definitives. The left head, struck on 15.10 31, was taken from the same Die, 13113 and used for the 1932 Antigua Tercentenary set

1934 definitives


Die proofs in black on thin paper

## Br. Guiana

Sample stamps with Waterlow punch holes


Sample stamps with Waterlow punch holes

## Br. Guiana

Sample stamps with Waterlow punch holes


Sample stamps with Waterlow punch holes

## drulisn Uutana

The 1875 Officials
Block showing papermaker's watermark


On the 1 Cent the word Official is taller than on the other values. Most of the overprints are 16 mm in length but on this block the top three stamps in the right-hand column are 17 mm long.


With the exception of the I cent, the Officials are be found with upright or slanting " $O$ ". On this

Colour trial

ex Townsend
Reference copies from the printers' archives


The issued stamps

ex Hind
Ex Sovereign
These stamps all have CC watermark. The officials were valid for postal use until 1879.

Prepared for use but never issued

ex Webster
ex Frazer

## British Guiana

## The 1881 Provisionals

## 28 December 1881 The "2" surcharge on unissued 24c official stamps

The $24 c$ overprint setting was the same as the $12 c$ with five positions showing an italic " 2 ".


Traces of doubling on all four stamps.


Thin bar.

" 2 " double. Thick bar.


2 below Official



Thin bar.


Thick bar.

6,000 issued.

28 Dec 1881 Overprint on the 1875 24c Official


On every second stamp the $O$ of Official slopes to left and the 2 overprint slopes to right. 1,276 issued.

## British Guiana <br> The 1881 Provisionals

28 December 1881 The "2"surcharge on unissued 24c official stamps
The two types setenant


Row 7 pos, 3 and 4 .
Several positions in the overprint forme have an italic " 2 ". Research by the author has established their presence on 5 positions in each pane (row $7 \# 2,4,5,6$ and row $8 \# 1$ ).


From rows 7 and 8.

One of both types

The italic 2


2 far below Official


## British Guiana <br> The 1881 Provisionals

## 28 December 1881 The "2"surcharge on unissued 12c official stamps

Several positions in the overprint forme have an italic " 2 ". Research by the author has established their presence on five positions in each pane (row 7 nos 2, 4, 5, 6 and row 8 no 1).


Italic 2.


The italic " 2 " on row $7 / 2$ and $8 / 1$


Italic 2.

The use of official stamps was discontinued in June 1878. Several sheets of the 1876 12c and $24 c$ definitives had been overprinted official but never released. All but one sheet of each value were overprinted 2 and the value tablet obliterated.


Thin bar.


The italic " 2 " on row 7/2
Row 7 pos 1-3


Double overprints

One of both types



6,360 issued.

## British Guiana <br> The 1888 Revenue issues

In 1888 the Colonial legislature approved new stamp duties, so there was an urgent need for new revenue stamps. De Le Rue replied on 12 July 1888 that it would take ten weeks to prepare the new stamps, but that they could supply a temporary series within one month by overprinting "revenue" and the various duties on an 1876 postage plate. The overprint plates were priced at 3 guineas each. On 22 Sept the revenue stamps were legalised for postal use.

## Imprimaturs of the cents values



Flat " 6 " from column 6.


## British Guiana

## The 1888 Revenue issues

Variety large " 4 ".


On each stamp in the third column the 4 is enlarged.


On each stamp in the fourth and sixth columns the top of the " 6 " is flat.
The dollar values


## British Guiana

## The 1888 Revenue issues

## The dollar values

## BRITISH GUIANA REGISTERED LETTER.

THIS LETTER MUST BE GIVEN TO AN OFFIGER OF THE POST OFFICE
TO BE REGISTERED, AND A RECEIPT BE OBTAINED FOR IT.
隹


## Buffalo

apo \& w to huron
\% 9. Elapm
water se-
Hemenana
The rare SI on a registered cover to Buffalo, probably overfranked but appears commercial.


Variety large "4"


This variety appears on all the stamps in the second column.

$$
10 \text { Dec } 1896
$$



Philatelic usage of three high values registered to London.

## British Guiana

The keyplate revenues
1888 values at $\$ 2.40$ to the $£ 1$


The 1911 values in round \$s
Hand-stamped "specimen"ex the printers’archives


The issued stamps


Hand-drawn essays for embossed revenues on thin tracing paper


No such embossed stamps were issued.

Sep. 14.88

ex De La Rue archives


[^0]:    In the first setting the three masted ship appears on positions 1, 2, 3,4, 9 and 10 . All the panes of the first setting of both values were split into two blocks of six prior to sale.

